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SECTION 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identification used on label	
Product identifier	3114
	TECTYL® 502C, CLASS I
Details of the supplier of the safety	Daubert Chemical Company
data sheet	4700 S. Central Avenue
	Chicago, IL 60638
	708-496-7350
Emergency telephone number	Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300
Relevant identified uses of the	Corrosion Preventive Compound
substance or mixture and uses	
advised against	

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200;

GHS Hazard Symbols



GHS	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2
Classification	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2B Flammable Liquid Category 3
	Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure Category 3
Signal Word	Warning
Hazard	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Statements	Causes skin and eye irritation
	May cause respiratory irritation.
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary	·
Statements	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof equipment.
	Use only non-sparking tools.
	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
	Wash thoroughly after handling.
	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/race protection.

Response	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
	Specific treatment: None known
	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
	Use dry chemical, water fog, CO2, foam or sand/earth for extinction.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
0	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with
	local/regional/national/international regulation for hazardous wastes.

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #	%
Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum)	64742-47-8	15 - 40

Note: Specific chemical identities and/or exact percentages have been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 First aid measures			
Inhalation	If symptoms are experienced remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and obtain medical advice.		
Eyes	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention.		
Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.		
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Provide medical care provider with this SDS. If vomiting occurs, lean victim forward to reduce risk of aspiration into lungs.		
Note to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.		

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing mediaUse alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray
when fighting fires. Water or foam may cause frothing if liquid is
burning but it still may be a useful extinguishing agent if carefully
applied to the fire. Do not direct a water stream directly into the hot
burning liquid.

Fire and/or Explosion Hazards Fire Fighting Methods and Protection Hazardous Combustion Products SECTION 6 Accidental release measures	Revision Date 05-11-2015 Revision Number 4 Vapors may be ignited by sparks, flames or other sources of ignition if material is above the flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose container to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may lead to injury or death. Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Use appropriate methods for the surrounding fire. Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons, Sulfur compounds	
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this SDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill.	
SECTION 7 Handling and storage		
Precautions for safe handling	Avoid contacting and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous.	
Conditions for safe storage, including an incompatibilities	materials.Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame.	
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents	

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SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Chemical Name</u>		ACGIH TLV	ACGIH STEL	<u>OSHA PEL</u>
Hydrotreated light distillate	e (Petroleum)	212 ppm (8 hrs)		
Engineering Measures	handling or using thi designed to meet the enclosures, local exh	ation or other engineering s product to avoid overex OSHA chemical specific aust ventilation, or other nended exposure limits	posure. Engineering standard in 29 CFR 1	controls must be 1910. Use process
Respiratory Protection	Proper ventilation (at a minimum) will be required when handling this product. Use respirators (NIOSH approved) only if ventilation cannot be used to eliminate symptoms or reduce the exposure to below acceptable levels. Follow a respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements whenever work place conditions warrant the use of a respirator.			
Eye Protection	1	istant safety glasses with		dling this product.
Skin Protection Gloves	regular intervals. Cle	es. Inspect gloves for che an protective equipment and water before eating, gloves	regularly. Wash hands	s and other exposed

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties (Typical, not specification)

Physical State	Liquid
Color	Amber
Odor	Slight Solvent Odor
Odor Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Melting Point, °C	No data available
Boiling Point, °C	No data available
Flash Point	>= 100 °F(38 °C)
Evaporation Rate	No data available
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	No data available
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit,	No data available
% in air	
Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit,	No data available
% in air	
Vapor Pressure	2 mmHg
Vapor Density	>1 (Air=1)
Specific Gravity @ 25°C	0.86
Solubility in Water	Negligible; 0-1%
Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	No data available
Viscosity	65 cSt @ 40°C
-	

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Volatiles, % by weight	40			
VOC, lb/gal No data a				
VOC, grams/liter	Not determined			
SECTION 10 Stability	and reactivity			
Chemical stability		Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerization		
Possibility of hazardou	s reactions	will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous		
1 ossibility of nazaruou	is reactions	reactions will not occur.		
Conditions to avoid		Contamination. Elevated temperatures.		
Incompatible materials		Strong oxidizing agents		
Hazardous decomposit	ion products	Decomposition and hazardous decomposition products are		
		unlikely.		
SECTION 11 Toxicolog	ical information			
Likely Routes of Entry Target Organs Potentic	ally Affected by Exposure	Skin contact, Inhalation, Eye contact Respiratory Tract, Skin, Eyes, Kidneys, Liver, Nervous		
Target Organs I otentia	any Anected by Exposure	System		
Chemical Interactions	That Change Toxicity	No chemical interaction known to affect toxicity.		
Medical Conditions Ag		Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease, Respiratory		
		disease including asthma and bronchitis		
Immediate (Aerree) IIe	14h Effecte her Doute of Er			
Inhalation Irritation	alth Effects by Route of Ex Can cause moderate resp	iratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and		
		symptoms include; wheezing and coughing due to pulmonary		
Inhalation Toxicity	Non-Toxic. Not known	to cause systemic damage.		
Skin Contact		irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause		
Skin Absorption	permanent damage.	pected in normal industrial use.		
Skin Absorption Eye Contact		ation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure		
Lyc contact	eye tissue.	ation, touring and reddening, but not intery to permanently injure		
Ingestion Irritation		t, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea,		
		Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical		
T (1 T 1 1)	pneumonitis which can b	e fatal.		
Ingestion Toxicity	Harmful if swallowed.			
Long-Term (Chronic)				
Carcinogenicity		RC, NIOSH, NTP OR OSHA.		
Reproductive and Deve		data available to indicate product or any components present at ter than 0.1% may cause birth defects.		
Inhalation		epeated exposure, can cause severe respiratory irritation,		
Innalation		gue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness.		
Skin Contact		ted contact, can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and		
	dermatitis.			
Skin Absorption	Upon prolonged or repea	ted exposure, no hazard in normal industrial use.		

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Component Toxicol	ogy Data				
Chemical Name Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum)	CAS 64742	Number -47-8		LD50/LC50 Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/k Inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat > 20 mg/L	
SECTION 12 Ecologic	al information				
Overview	No ecolo	gical inform	ation available		
Mobility	No data	0			
Persistence	No data				
Bioaccumulation	No data				
Degradability	No data				
Ecotoxicity Data					
Chemical Name	CAS	Number	Aquatic EC50	Aquatic ERC50	Aquatic LC50
No data available			Crustacea	Algae	Fish
SECTION 13 Disposal	l considerations				
Waste Description for		Spent or c	liscarded material may	be a hazardous waste	
Disposal Methods		Dispose o	of by incineration follow	wing Federal, State, Lo	ocal, or Provincial
		regulation	18.		
Waste Disposal Code(s	s)	D001			
SECTION 14 Transpo	ort information				
Full shipping name for Export, Air, Sea (any o unless flash pt. >150°F vessels of 119 GL or m Domestic Ground in v 119 gal.	quantity `) or tore	93, FLAMM egulated	IABLE LIQUIDS, N.C	o.S., (Naphtha Solvent	t), 3, PG III
SECTION 15 Regulate	ory information				
Canadian DSL One		substances	on the TSCA Inventor in this material are on to or are exempt.		nd the remainder
Chemical Name No 313-listed chemical	ls in this product	CAS #	Regula SARA		Percent
SECTION 16 Other in	formation				
Revision 05-11-2	015				
Date					
			erein is believed to be ntended to be all-inclus		
	dling, and storage				
Version Revised		•			
	ed: J. Kump / M. l	Duncan			
	r ,				